

## **BREASTFEEDING-FAMILY-FRIENDLY CITY**

The Breastfeeding-Family-Friendly City Designation (BFF-CD) complements the global revised, updated and expanded baby-friendly hospital initiative. This Ten Step designation signifies that the community or city has made real strides to support every breastfeeding family to succeed in their breastfeeding goals for the health of the child, mother, and family.

Step 1. The city's elected/appointed leadership has a written policy statement, routinely disseminated, supporting breastfeeding.

The written and signed policy, including actions to ensure sustainability of the 10 steps, is widely distributed and shared via local media outlets and social media annually, and local print and other media host discussions with experts.

Step 2. The city as a whole provides a welcoming atmosphere for breastfeeding families.

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Step 3. Optimal breastfeeding<sup>1</sup> is supported by health leadership.

□ The local health department supports this approved definition.

Step 4. All pregnant women are informed about the benefits of breastfeeding, as well as about risks of unnecessary formula use, and where to access support as needed.

□ Culturally appropriate non-commercial materials produced or approved by the local designating group are distributed, in hard copy and/or online, through community health providers, social organizations and faith-based groups.

## Step 5. Health care provision is breastfeeding-friendly.

□ All maternity care centres are designated Baby-Friendly (BF) (or designated by their state maternity care breastfeeding designation).

□ Healthcare personnel involved in the care of mothers and babies are trained in the skills necessary to support optimal breastfeeding.

□ Clinics have been informed about the new BF Clinic/Office designation (See NCBC website), and at least 50% of offices have applied for the designation, OR, have provided documentation of their prenatal breastfeeding support.

Step 6. Non-health system breastfeeding support groups and services are fully available in the community, including WIC, LLL, IBCLCs, and other skilled breastfeeding support.

□ Confirmation that such services are active or being created that would serve the community, with attention to meeting the needs of various racial/ethnic groups. At least one communication to the public on this mutual effort is documented annually

Step 7. The business, social organizations in the community/city as a whole provide a welcoming atmosphere for breastfeeding families.

□ At least 50% businesses with occupancy permits agree to post a breastfeeding welcome here window cling indicating that they support breastfeeding for customers and staff.

Step 8. Local economic development, as well as businesses and not-for-profit organizations, follow the principles of the Code of Marketing.

Businesses that sell/promote commercial infant formula agree to offer non-commercial pamphlets on the benefits of breastfeeding.

Locally controlled groceries, food markets, convenience stores or pharmacies will not promote commercial infant or related toddler formula by preferential shelf placement or by ads. [All non-locally controlled groceries, food markets, convenience stores and local pharmacies are encouraged to prevent local advertising of formula]

Step 9. The US business case for breastfeeding<sup>2</sup> is distributed and promoted by the government and the Chamber of Commerce.

□ The laws concerning mandated business support for breastfeeding, and the materials available to all CoC members, and similar business groups: <u>http://www.dol.gov/whd/nursingmothers/</u>

□ The US Business Case for Breastfeeding <u>or</u> WABA Maternity Care related materials are promulgated by the Chamber of Commerce and similar organization. (available at: <u>http://www.womenshealth.gov/breastfeeding/employer-solutions/index.php)</u>

Step 10. K-12, colleges and universities are encouraged to include breastfeeding-friendly curricula at all levels.

Department of Education/School System cooperates in review of textbooks to ensure breastfeeding normative, and/or breastfeedingfriendly curricula are introduced at all levels of education.

<sup>1</sup> Definition of optimal breastfeeding: Early and exclusive breastfeeding for up to 6 m, and continued breastfeeding with appropriately-timed introduction of complementary foods, are encouraged for at least 1-2 years and for as long as the mother and child desire.